Illustration of the Four Components of "Return on Investment"

1 Cash Flow

This first and perhaps most obvious component is "cash flow" - rental income minus expenses - or how much cash ends up in your pocket.

71,880 + Rental Income
14,444 - Operating Expenses
42,665 - Mortgage Payments
14,771 = Cash Flow
225,000 / Downpayment + Closing Costs
6.6% = Return on Investment from Cash Flow

2 Appreciation

As the value of the property increases, your return on investment increases.

750,000 = Acquisiton Price
5% * First Year Appreciation
787,500 = Value at the end of Year 1.
37,500 = Amount of Value Increase
225,000 / Downpayment + Closing Costs
17% = Return on Investment from Appreciation

3 Equity Build-Up

Even if the property did not increase in value, Equity will increase solely from paying down the mortgage.

562,500 = Loan Amount at Closing
556,213 = Loan Amount at the end of Year 1
6,287 - Equity Build-Up in Year 1
225,000 / Downpayment + Closing Costs
2.8% = Return on Investment from Equity Build-Up

2.0% - Return on investment from Equity build-

4 Tax Benefits

57,436

One pays less income taxes on a real estate investment than on other investment vehicles.

23,182 - Depreciation (assumes 15% land, 27.5 year recovery) 36.377 Mortgage Interest (2,123) = Taxable Income Year 1 * Marginal Tax Rate 33% (701) = Federal Income Tax (701)Federal Income Tax 14,771 / Cash Flow -4.7% = Effective Tax Rate on This Investment 4.874 = Tax if Cash Flow came from a non-preferred investment vehicle - Tax from this preferred investment vehicle. (701)5,575 Income Tax Savings 2.5% Return on Investment from Tax Savings

= Cash Flow Before Loan Payments (rents less expenses)

Total / Summary

1:	14,771	Cash Flow
2:	37,500	Appreciation Year 1
3:	6,287	Equity Build Up Year 1
4:	5,575	Tax Savings Year 1
	64,134	Total Return from this Investment
	225,000	Downpayment + Closing Costs
	28.5%	Total Return from this Investment